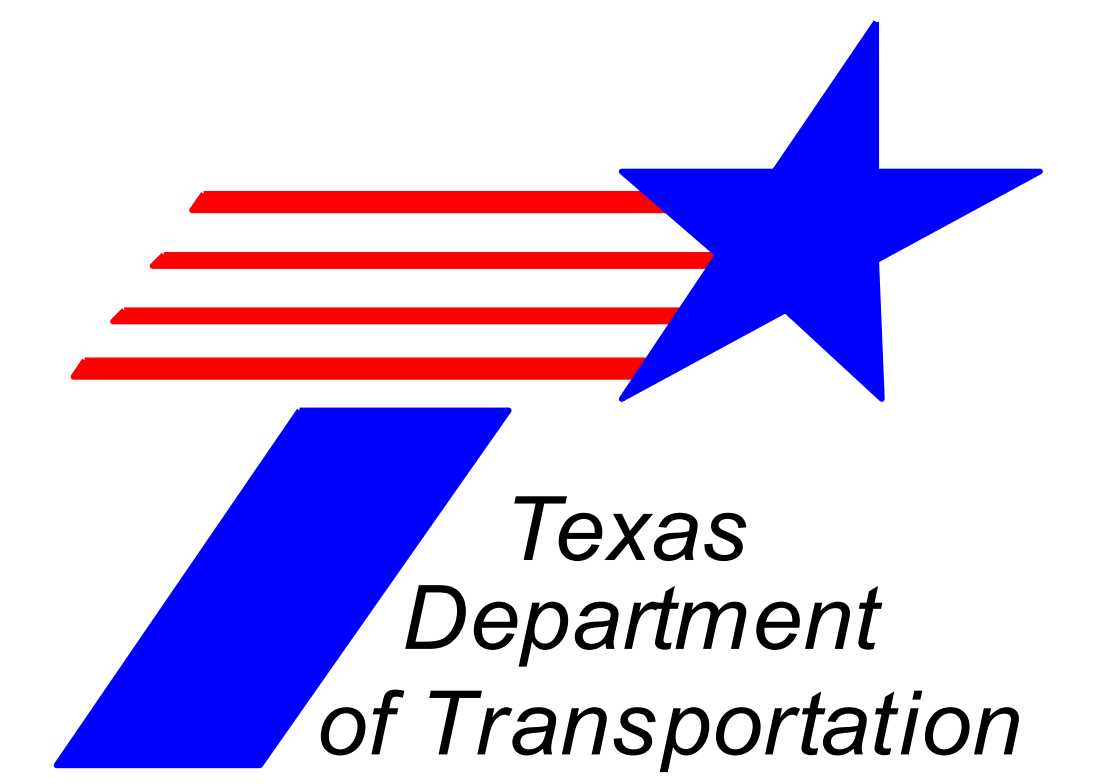


Culvert Inventory Geodatabase



Texas State University – San Marcos, Department of Geography, was asked to assist the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) in creating a geodatabase that would provide Hydrologists and Maintenance personnel the real time data needed to control cost and improve culvert reliability. TxDOT will use this geodatabase to catalog and manage information about culverts in Hays County, Texas.

Needs Assessment and Data

The first stage of the project was to determine the project needs and expectations of both TxDOT hydrologic engineers and the TxDOT maintenance workers. The team conducted a series of conference calls with our client and met with local road maintenance workers to discuss the design of the project. Following these meetings, the group Identified the data needs. The list below shows the data used:

Texas Reference Marker System (TRM)

- The TRM is a program used by TxDOT to inventory road features

San Marcos, Texas Orthoimagery 2008

- Obtained from the Capital Area Council of Governments (CAPCOG)

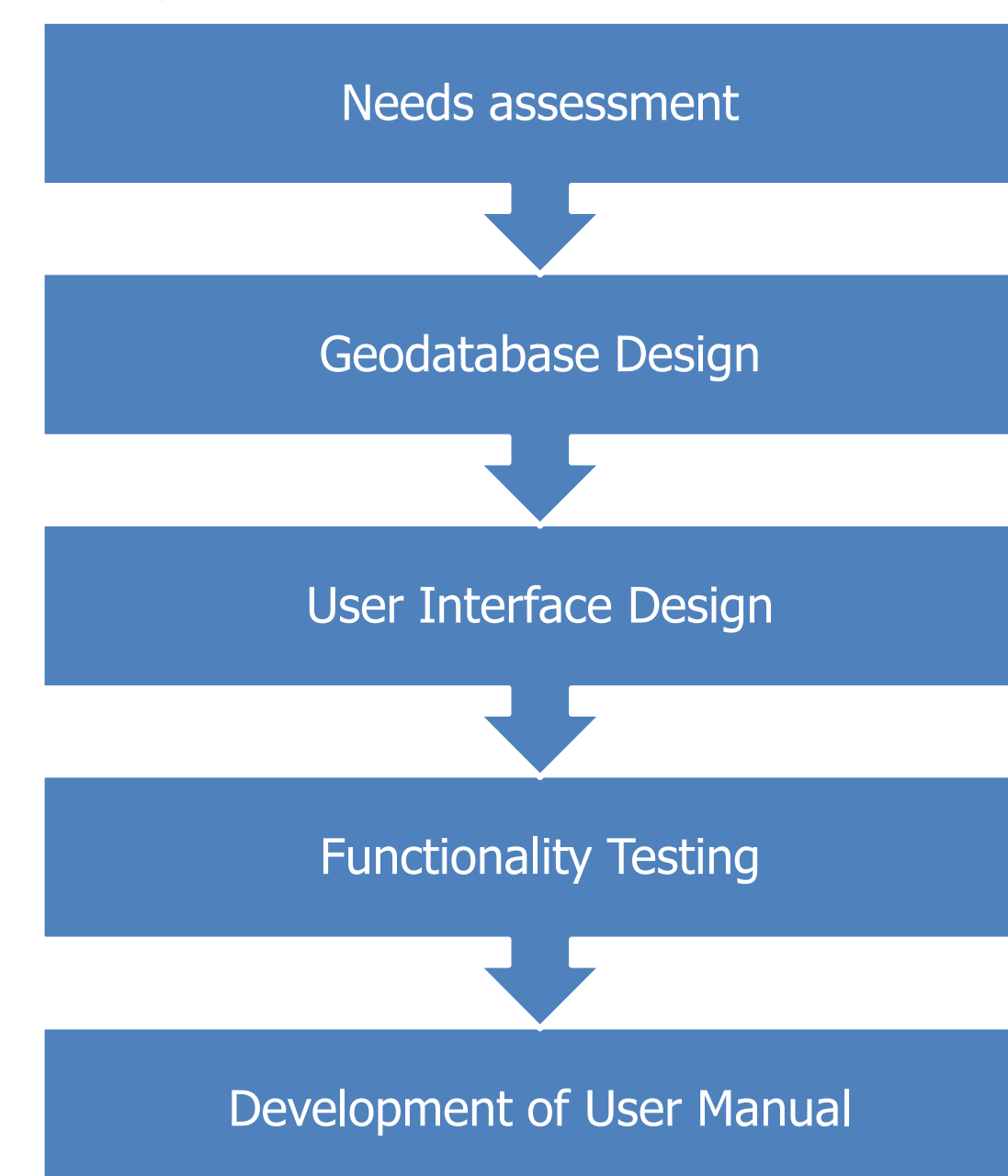
Geodatabase Design

The design consists of two parts: an ArcGIS geodatabase and a Microsoft Access database with user interface. In ArcGIS, the user is able to examine the spatial distribution of culverts as point features in a road segment. The attributes of these features can also be accessed through attribute tables. In Microsoft Access, the user is able to open tables, run queries, and enter/edit data.

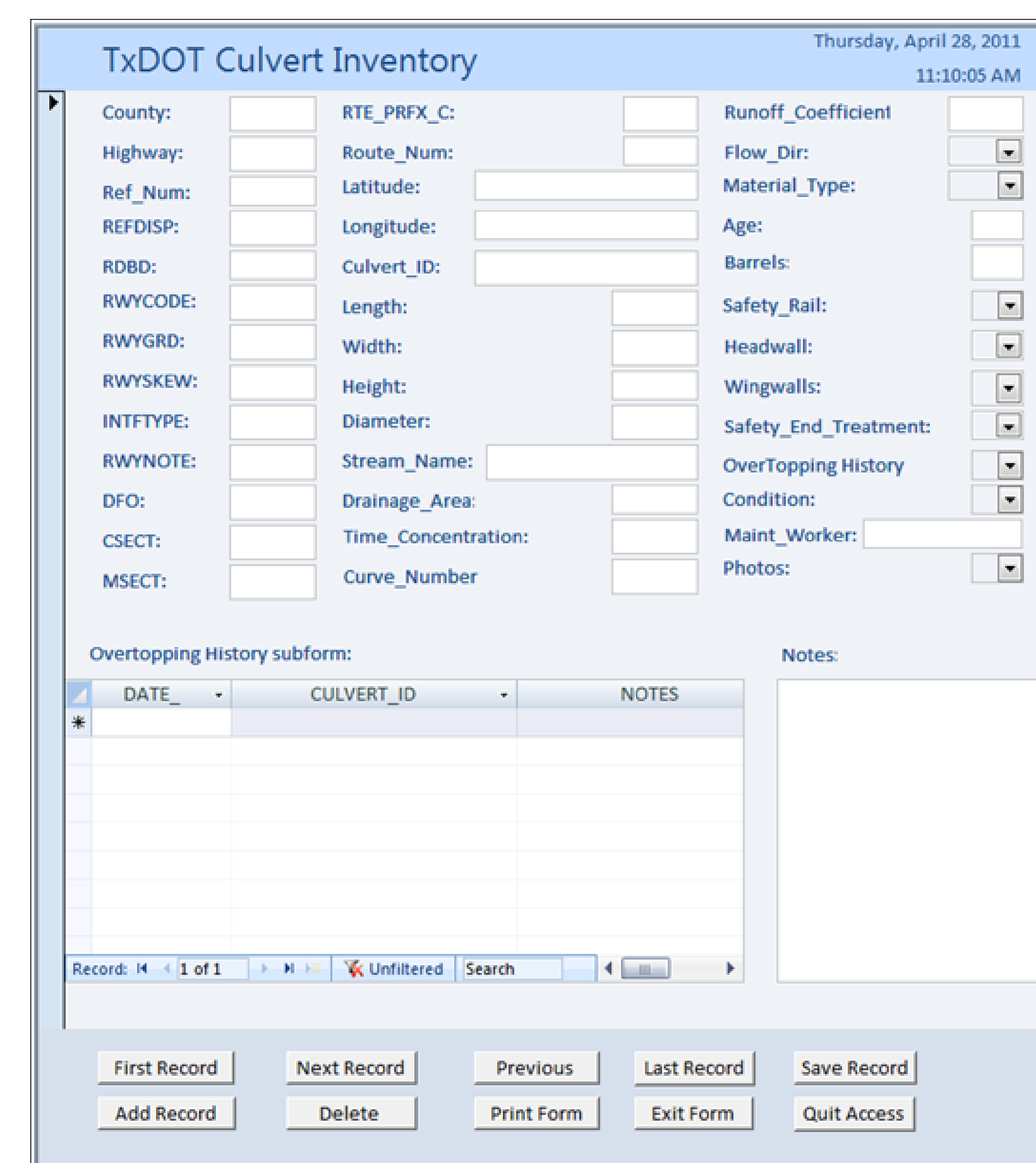
Culvert Table Data Definitions

Field Name	Definition	Field Name	Definition
OBJECTID	Object ID	RTE_PREF_C	Route prefix
Shape	Definition of the kind of feature class (point, line, polygon)	RTE_NBR	Route number
CNTY	County designation number, see TRM manual page 2-9	LATITUDE	Latitude (decimal degrees)
HWY	Highway designation type and number, see TRM code index	LONGITUDE	Longitude (decimal degrees)
REFNBR	Number of Reference Marker that is on the route where the feature is located	CULVERT_ID	Culvert identification number
REFDISP	The distance of the feature (miles) downstream from the nearest upstream Reference Marker	LENGTH	Length of the feature (feet)
RDBID	Roadbed ID	WIDTH	Width of the feature (inches)
RWYCODE	Total Width (feet) of the Right-of-Way at the location of the feature, see TRM manual page 10-14	HEIGHT	Height of the feature (inches)
RWYGRD	How the feature sits relative to the roadway grade: D – below, S – on surface, U – above	DIAMETER	Diameter of the feature (inches)
RWYSKEW	Diagonal skew of crossing feature relative to the downstream direction of the route, see TRM manual page 11-4	STREAM_NAME	Name of the stream associated with the feature
INTFTYPE	Intersecting feature type, see TRM code index	DA	Drainage area (mils ²)
RWYNOTE	Catch-all descriptor of intersecting feature	TS	Time of concentration (minutes)
DFD	Distance from the origin Reference Marker (miles) for the route	CN	Curve number
CSECT	Control section number	RC	Runoff coefficient
MSECT	Maintenance section number	FLOW_DIR	Flow direction
		MAT_TYPE	Material type
		AGE	Year feature was employed on site
		BARRELS	Number of barrels associated with the feature
		SAFETY_RAIL	Presence of a safety rail
		HEADWALL	Presence of a headwall
		WINGWALLS	Presence of wingwalls
		SEFTY_END_TRMT	Presence of safety end treatments
		OVERTOP_HIST	Presence of overtopping history
		CONDITION	Condition of feature
		MAINT_WRR	user who recorded or inspected the feature
		NOTES	Notes
		PHOTOS	Presence of photos

Project Workflow



User Interface



Graphical User Interface

A Graphical User Interface (GUI) was developed for inputting data into the geodatabase. The GUI consists of an electronic form in Microsoft Access where the maintenance worker can input the data gathered in the field. The form is very simplified and easy to use. Data entry through ArcGIS is another option; however, for users with less technical training the GUI is easier to use.

Functionality Testing

To test the functionality of the geodatabase, road segment RM 150 was chosen from Hays County, Texas. Prior to inputting data, a unique ID was generated for each culvert feature. The locations were validated using orthoimagery and the experience of the local TxDOT maintenance office.

User Manual

The final objective of the project was to develop a user manual for the geodatabase. The user manual explains how to input data through ArcGIS or Microsoft Access. The road segment RM 150 serves as an example in the user manual. The manual is easy to understand for users who are not familiar with ArcGIS or Microsoft Access. The objective of the manual is to train users on data entry in an understandable way.

Geodatabase Diagram

